

SANT GADGE BABA AMRAVATI UNIVERSITY, AMRAVATI संत गाडगे बाबा अमरावती िव**ा**पीठ, अमरावती

(FACULTY OF INTER-DISCIPLINARY STUDIES)

आंतर-िवhाशाखीय अग्यास िवhाशाखा

M.A. Part I & II (Counselling and Psychotherapy) Semester – I to IV

Syllabus

(NEP -v24)

Session – 2024-25

Sant Gadge Baba Amravati University, Amravati Faculty: Interdisciplinary Studies Two Years – Four Semester Master's Degree Programme – NEP v24 Programme M.A. Counselling and Psychotherapy

Part A

As per the provisions in the Maharashtra Public Universities Act, 2016 (Mah. Act No. VI of 2017) Clause 45(1), Lifelong Learning and Extension is to create skilled and learned human resources through its various teaching–learning and skills development programme in higher education. As a part of this initiative, Sant Gadge Baba Amravati University propose to launch Two years M.A. Counselling and Psychotherapy programme from the academic year 2017-2018 through Department of Lifelong Learning & Extension under the Faculty of Interdisciplinary. Master of Arts in Counselling and Psychotherapy is an innovative programme which provides the set up for bringing the real world of work in to classroom and gives the opportunities to learners directly involved in development process in community. It would help learners a wider and more comprehensive understanding of lifelong learning as a field of knowledge and would accommodate a wide variety of learners' needs. It is emphasized on knowledge generation process and provide the suitable learning culture to the capabilities enhancement for lifetime and generating social capital.

OBJECTIVES OF THE PROGRAMME: (POs):

The M. A. In Counselling and Psychotherapy at Department of Lifelong Learning and Extension in Sant Gadge Baba Amravati University, Amravati started in 2017, aims to train students in counselling and psychotherapy wherein research and testing principles could be used to probe psychological problems. Student learn how to deal with people facing severe mental illness and conditions that would require long term treatment career and rehabilitation. The programme develops client ability to establish and maintain relationship. Student in this programme trained to select administer score and interpret various types of psychological tools in research.

- Postgraduate students will be able to understand concept of abnormal psychology
- Postgraduate students will be able to understand personality and developmental disorders.
- Postgraduate students will be able to gain fundamental knowledge of primary and advanced psychotherapy.
- Students will be able to understand process of different fields of counselling.
- Students will be able to understand teaching learning process.
- Students will be able to understand fundamental knowledge of scientific methods and research.
- Students will be able to write research proposal, thesis, research paper etc...
- Students will be able to understand family problems and marital counselling.
- Students will be able to gain fundamental knowledge of health problems and counselling.
- Students will be able to understand various facets of workplace counselling and evaluation of Workplace counselling.

ADMISSION ELIGIBILITY:

(A) Eligibility for M.A Counselling and Psychotherapy First Year (Level 6.0)

- i. A candidate who has passed three year degree programme of Bachelor of Arts (Psychology or Counselling and Psychotherapy or Bachelor of Science or relevant subject) or any graduate having psychology or relevant subject as a subject of U G degree programme or as Major or Minor of any statutory university.
- ii. Any other Three years bachelor degree graduates of statutory university can take admission but for such students, it will be mandatory to earn minimum 24 credits from prescribed Additional course work / Pre-requisite course. Throughout the duration of this programme, if the prescribed Additional course work / Pre-requisite course is not successfully completed, the result of second semester (of this P. G. Diploma Programme) will not be declared.

(B) Eligibility for M. A. Counselling and Psychotherapy direct second year (lateral entry) [Level 6.5]

- Any Student who had not opted for Psychology as Major or Minor in three years of his/her undergraduate programme but has taken admission in this course will have to earn minimum 24 credits from Additional Course Work / Pre-Requisite Course prescribed in the curriculum. In the first year of two years P. G. programme. Such students will not be eligible to enter in third semester (second year) unless these 24 credits are earned.
- ii. Post graduate Diploma holders [level 6.5] in M.A. Counseling and Psychotherapy or relevant subject or equivalent subject will be eligible for direct admission (lateral entry) in second year of this programme.

INTAKE CAPACITY:

- The intake capacity is limited for 40 seats only for first year admission. (Level 6.0)
- Provision for the entry of 4 years U G or P G Diploma students into direct second year.
- Additionally the intake capacity of 20 seats for 4 years U G / One year P. G. Diploma for direct admission to second year (total 60 seats capacity of second year) (Level 6.5)

EXIT OPTION:

Exit Option with a P G Diploma in Counselling and Psychotherapy with 4 Credits On-the-job training/internship in the respective Major subject. Student has to earn Total minimum 4 Credits cumulatively during Vacations of Semester I and Semester II from internship in order to exit after First Year with PG Diploma in Counselling and Psychotherapy with 44 Credits after Three Year U G Degree.

DURATION:

The M.A. (Counselling and Psychotherapy) Programme of full time Two years (Four Semesters).

SPECIAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THIS PROGRAMME :

Commitments for learner:

- Student commits that he/she will attend the classes regularly.
- Student commits that he/she will go thoroughly comprehensive learning activities and try out them in scenario of lifelong learning.
- Student commits that he/she will involve Community Learning Programme.
- Student commits that he/she will go thoroughly the methods of teaching learning.
- Student commits that he/she will find more tools and techniques.

PROGRAMME OUTCOMEs (POs)

The department is mainly involved in imparting both theoretical and field work knowledge to students in the subject. The P. G. Diploma in counselling and psychotherapy at Department of Lifelong Learning and Extension in Sant Gadge Baba Amravati University, Amravati started in 2017 aims to train students in counselling and psychotherapy wherein research and testing principles could be used to probe psychological problems. The PG Programme aims at the following:

- To equip the students with the latest sociological knowledge, research aptitudes and skills.
- To provide opportunities and encourage students for carrying on research works and participate in higher level.
- Seminars/Workshops/Conferences are held at intervals.
- To encourage the students for various competitive examinations ie SET /NET/MPSC UPSC etc.
- To encourage our students for various extracurricular and extension activities.
- Student learn how to deal with people facing severe mental illness and conditions that would require long term treatment career and rehabilitation.
- The programme develops client's ability to establish and maintain relationships.
- Student in this programme are trained to select various types of psychological tools in research.

It is to be noted that a number of students of our Department have passed through NET/SET/MPSC/UPSC/other Competitive examinations and some of them have been working as teachers, lecturers, office personnel in Government Organizations and NGOs and businessmen.

PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOs):

- Postgraduate students will be able to understand concept of abnormal psychology
- Postgraduate students will be able to understand personality and developmental disorders.
- Postgraduate students will be able to gain fundamental knowledge of primary and advanced psychotherapy.
- Students will be able to understand process of different fields of counselling.
- Understand teaching learning process.
- Students will be able to understand fundamental knowledge of scientific methods and research.
- Students will be able to write research proposal, thesis, research paper etc.

EMPLOYABILITY/ PLACEMENT POTENTIAL OF THE PROGRAMME:

(I) Psychotherapist

As a psychotherapist you have to work with individuals, couples, groups or families, and help them to overcome their psychological issues, including emotional and relationship-related issues, stress and even addiction.

(II) Social worker and Social Psychology

Social workers may work within schools, homes, hospitals or other public agencies and will tend to specialize in working with children and families or vulnerable adults.

(III) Counselling is often a form of talking therapy and can encompass areas including marriage and family, health, abuse, rehabilitation, education, grief, mental health, career guidance. As a counsellor you'll be involved in helping clients come to better terms with their lives and experiences through exploration of feelings and emotions.

(IV) Psychology careers are available in education nowadays, number of private schools offer school counsellors job to psychology students. This is a role concerned with the development of young people in educational settings, with the aim of enhancing learning and dealing with Social and emotional issues or learning difficulties.

(V) Psychology careers in research

Psychology careers in research may be based within research agencies, public and private organizations or in universities. University-based careers vary but tend to combine research and teaching. Research careers within other sectors are even more wide-ranging but could mean contributing to governmental policy development or issues of importance for industry.

(VI) Media and advertising

Psychology graduates can impart valuable insights into human behavior, as well as offer the ability to analyses problems, listen attentively, give considered responses and act with empathy and reason. Because of this, media role within all departments including management, production, scheduling and writing are well within reach for psychology graduates.

(VII) Human resources and communications careers

Psychology is all about understanding people and how they think, making human resources and communications careers another good match. These roles, available in both the public and private sectors, encompass areas such as employee satisfaction, professional development, training, recruitment, PR, payroll and internal communications.

(VIII) Business and management careers

Business and management careers are another good option for psychology graduates. However, further training and work experience are likely to be required before entering managerial roles, you could start out by pursuing careers within business consultancy, marketing, sales, advertising or business development, before working your way up the ladder.

Learning outcomes descriptors for a higher education qualification at level 6 on the NHEQF

The Bachelor's degree (Honours/ Honours with Research) or the Post-Graduate Diploma is awarded to students who have demonstrated the achievement of the outcomes located at level 6 on the NHEQF.

Descriptors for qualifications at levels 6 on the NHEQF

Element of the descriptor	NHEQF level descriptors
	The graduates should be able to demonstrate the acquisition of:
Knowledge and understanding	 Advanced knowledge about a specialized field of enquiry, with depth in one or more fields of learning within a broad multidisciplinary/interdisciplinary context. A coherent understanding of the established methods and techniques of research and enquiry applicable to the chosen fields of learning.
	 an awareness and knowledge of the emerging developments and issues in the chosen fields of learning, Procedural knowledge required for performing and accomplishing professional tasks associated with the chosen fields of learning.
	The graduates should be able to demonstrate the acquisition of:
General, technical and professional skills required to perform and accomplish tasks	 a range of cognitive and technical skills required for performing and accomplishing complex tasks relating to the chosen fields of learning, cognitive and technical skills relating to the established research
	 cognitive and techniques, cognitive and technical skills required to evaluate complex ideas and undertake research and investigations to generate solutions to real-life problems,
	 generate solutions to complex problems independently, requiring the exercise of full personal judgment, responsibility, and accountability for the output of the initiatives taken as a practitioner
	The graduates should be able to demonstrate the ability to:
Application of knowledge and skills	 apply the acquired advanced technical and/or theoretical knowledge and a range of cognitive and practical skills to analyze the quantitative and qualitative data gathered drawing on a wide range of sources for identifying problems and issues relating to the chosen fields of learning, Apply advanced knowledge relating to research methods to carry out research and investigations to formulate evidence-based solutions to complex and unpredictable problems.
	The graduates should be able to demonstrate the ability to:
Generic learning outcomes	 listen carefully, read texts and research papers analytically, and present complex information in a clear and concise manner to different groups/ audiences, communicate technical information and explanations, and the findings/ results of the research studies relating to specialized fields of learning, Present in a concise manner one's views on the relevance and applications of the findings of research and evaluation studies in the context of emerging developments and issues. meet own learning needs relating to the chosen fields of learning,
	• Pursue self-paced and self-directed learning to upgrade knowledge and skills that will help accomplish complex tasks and pursue a higher level of education and research. The graduates should be able to demonstrate:
	 a keen sense of observation, enquiry, and capability for asking relevant/ appropriate questions, the ability to problematize, synthesize and articulate issues and design research proposals, the ability to define problems, formulate appropriate and relevant research questions, formulate hypotheses, test hypotheses using quantitative and qualitative data, establish hypotheses, make inferences based on the analysis and interpretation of data, and predict cause-and-effect relationships,

	• the capacity to develop appropriate tools for data collection,
	• the ability to plan, execute and report the results of an experiment or investigation,
	• the ability to acquire the understanding of basic research ethics and
	skills in practicing/doing ethics in the field/ in own research work,
	regardless of the funding authority or field of study,
	• Examine and assess the implications and consequences of emerging
	developments and issues relating to the chosen fields of study based on empirical evidence.
	• make judgment in a range of situations by critically reviewing and consolidating evidence,
	 exercise judgment based on evaluation of evidence from a range of
	sources to generate solutions to complex problems, including real-
	life problems, associated with the chosen field(s) of learning
	requiring the exercise of full personal responsibility and
	accountability for the initiatives undertaken and the
	outputs/outcomes of own work as well as of the group as a team member.
	The graduates should be able to demonstrate the willingness and
Constitutional, humanistic,	ability to:
ethical, and moral values	 Embrace and practice constitutional, humanistic, ethical, and moral
	values in life.
	• Adopt objective, unbiased, and truthful actions in all aspects of
	work related to the chosen field(s) of learning and professional
	practice.
	• Present coherent arguments in support of relevant ethical and moral issues.
	• Participate in actions to address environmental and sustainable
	development issues.
	• Follow ethical practices in all aspects of research and development,
	including avoiding unethical practices such as fabrication,
	falsification, or misrepresentation of data or committing plagiarism.
	The graduates should be able to demonstrate the acquisition of
Employability and job-ready	knowledge and skills required for:
skills, and entrepreneurship	• adapting to the future of work and to the demands of the fast pace
skills and capabilities/ qualities and mind set	of technological developments and innovations that drive a shift in employees' demands for skills, particularly with respect to the
	employers' demands for skills, particularly with respect to the transition towards more technology-assisted work involving the
	creation of new forms of work and rapidly changing work and
	production processes.
	 Managing complex technical or professional activities or projects,
	requiring the exercise of full personal responsibility for the output
	of own work as well as for the outputs of the group as a member of
	the group/team.
	• Exercising supervision in the context of work having unpredictable
	changes.

Additional Course Work / Pre -Requisite Course of Minimum 24 Credits for those Students who have not opted 'Psychology' as Subject of Degree Programme or as Major or Minor in 3 Years U. G. Degree programme but had taken admission in this M.A. Counselling and Psychotherapy Post Graduate Degree Programme.

Sr. No.	Code of the Subject/Course	Type of Course	Title of the Course/Subject	Total Learning Hours	Credit
1		Additional Course Work / Pre –Requisite course	Basic Concept of Counseling and Psychotherapy I	60	04

Cos:

- Through this paper, students know about fundamental and advance methodology in research.
- To impart the required Counselling techniques to guide parents
- Gain the knowledge of concept and various fields of counselling.
- The students will be able to understand how our behavior changes by social influence.
- Students will diagnose and analyze various mental disorders based on clinical features.
- Understand the Assessing Intelligence and know the theories of Intelligence

Unit	Content	Hours
Unit I Research Methodology Unit II Child Counselling	 Scientific Research: Meaning, Stages in Research Types of Research. Problems Sampling Hypothesis Nature and principles of Development process of Heredity; 	10 10
	 Genetic Abnormalities Genetic Counselling 	
Unit III Counselling Psychology Unit IV Applied Social Psychology	 Introduction to Counselling Concept, Historical Antecedent, Goals and Current Trends of Counselling, Ethical Issues in Counselling Social Psychology: A working definition social Psychology Scientific Nature Brief History of Social Psychology: what 	10 10
Unit V Developmental Psychopathology	we learn from it? Internalizing Disorders: Anxiety Disorders Childhood depression conversion reaction Obsessive compulsive behavior (Causes & intervention	10
Unit VI Psychological Assessment	Intelligence Testing: • Stanford-Binet Scales • Wechsler Scales, • Bhatia's Battery of Intelligence.	10

Books Recommended:

- 1. Merton, Robert: Social Theory and Social Structure Goode, W and Hatt P.
- 2. Methods in Social Research Bee, H. (1985)
- 3. The Developing Child. Fourth Edition, Harper & Row Publishers, USA.
- 4. Deshpande, Chandra shekhar :Samopadeshan Praksriya, Pune
- 5. Band, Tim (1997) Standards and Ethics for Counselling in Action, New Delhi: SAGE
- 6. Aggarwal, J. C., (1998)
- 7. Career information & Career Guidance: Theory & Practice, Doaba House, New Delhi.
- 8. Baron, R. A., & Branscombe, N.R., (2012)
- Social Psychology (13th Ed). New Delhi: Pearson. Alloy, L. B.; Riskind, J. H. and Manos, M. J. (2006).
- 10. Abnormal Psychology: Current Perspectives, 9th ed. Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- 11. कहाडे डॉ.बी. एम. शाांीय साशोधन पत्तती, जपापळापुरे ॲAंड का . पि&लशिस नागपरू.

Sr. No.	Code Of the Subject/Course	Type of Course	Title of the Course/Subject	Total Learning Hours	Credit
2		Additional Course Work / Pre –Requisite Course	Basic Concept of Counselling and Psychotherapy II	60	04

Cos:

- Students will understand key psychological approaches and research methods.
- Focus on the behavioral factors in the fields of health counselling
- students know to cope with Stress
- Understand the period of development the significance of age and discuss development issue.
- Students will learn about the foundational concepts cognitive psychology, historical development, key theoretical approaches, and research methods in cognitive psychology, as well as its current status and paradigms.
- Introducing Students to Parental Counselling

Unit	Content	Hours
Unit I Fundamentals of Psychology Unit II	Introduction to Psychology • Definition and goals of Psychology • Schools of Psychology: Psychodynamic, • Behaviorism • Humanistic • Cognitive.	10
Health Counselling	Definition, Nature, Scope Bio psychosocial Model of Health.	10
Unit III Stress and Coping	Stress & Coping: • Nature Definition of stress Types of Stress, • Causes Consequences, Coping: • Meditation, • Yoga, • Diaphragmatic Breathing, Progressive muscular relaxation, • Biofeedback, • Music therapy	10
Unit IV Human Development	Concept of human Development, Growth and Development Biological Perspectives	10
Unit V Cognitive Psychology	Introduction To Cognitive psychologyOrigin and Brief History of CognitivePsychology :• Current status of cognitive psychology• Modern cognitive psychology	10
Unit VI Parental Counselling	 Nature and Definition of Parental Counselling Characteristics of Good Parenting Challenges of Parenting 	10

Books Recommended:

- 1) Ciccarelli, S. and Mayer (2008) : Psychology ,Pearson-Longman South Asia Edition.
- 2) Asken, M, and Medical Psychology: Toward definition Classification and Organization, Professional Psychology (1979)
- Manika Gosh (2015). Health Psychology-concepts in Health and Well-Being. Pearson Publication Delhi.
- 4) Matlin, M. (1994). Cognition. Prism India Books
- 5) Barabara, E (2006). Personality Theories (7 thed). New York: Houghton mifflin Company

Practical

Sr. No.	Code Of the Subject/Course	Type of Course	Title of the Course/Subject	Total Learning Hours	Credit
3		Additional Course Work / Pre –Requisite Course	Practical	120	04

Cos

- The student get acquainted to assess the ability to recall series of discrete stimuli such as digit letters, words, sounds.
- By the depth perception test the students get acquainted to demonstrate experimentally the perception of distance.
- > The students are able to evaluate the presence and severity of death anxiety.
- > The students are able to assess symptoms of social anxiety.

List of Practical/ Laboratory Experiments / Activities, etc.

Name of Practical					
• Memory Span (Experiment)					
• Depth Perception (Experiment)					
Death Anxiety (Psychological Test)					
Social Phobia Scale (Psychological Test)					

Credit Distribution of Additional Course Work / Pre -Requisite Course

Sr. No.	Subject Name	Credit
1.	Basic Concept of Counselling and Psychotherapy I	4
2.	Basic Concept of Counselling and Psychotherapy II	4
3.	Practical	4
4.	Seminar on Above Paper	4
5.	Assessment/ Life Skills including Employment Skills/ Social/ Community Work	4
6.	Digital learning / Filed visit / Filed project	2
7.	Case Study / Home Assignment	2
	Total	24

The Evaluation Mechanism is as under

(Internal Assessment / Evaluation / Examination)

The evaluation system of Introduction to Basic concept of Counselling - I

- A theory paper based on 6 units descriptive type of maximum 40 marks duration 2 hours.
- Examination with MCQ of 20 marks based on all 6 units.

The evaluation system of Introduction to Basic concept of Counselling - II

- A theory paper based on 6 units descriptive type of maximum 40 marks duration 2 hours.
- Examination with MCQ of 20marks based on all 6 units.

The evaluation system of Practical

- Candidate has to do practical.
- Student should take part in above mention practical will be record submitted.

The evaluation system of Seminar on above Papers

• Candidate has to deliver 4 seminars any 2 topics from theory paper-I (Basic concept of Counselling - I) and any 2 topics from theory paper-II (Basic concept of Counselling - II) Seminar Report will have to be submitted.

The evaluation system of Social community work

- By organising daily task within the society
- By interacting effectively within their community environment

Evaluation system for Case Study write any two case study

- Organizing any one Training Program /Workshop in marginalized group
- Implementation of Training/ workshop

The evaluation system of Digital learning

- \Test and quizzes are useful for measuring the learning outcome of learner
- Observation and performance reviews are helpful for evaluating the results.

The evaluation system of Field visit.

- Students will visit to the Gove. Hospitals psychiatric ward / De-addiction Center/ Family Court and understand their working system.
- A report of the activities will be submitted.

Evaluation system for Home assignment

- Assignment will be taken in written form from the student on various subjects
- Assignment will be prepared from the students by giving any two questions as per the syllabus.

Special Note:

- It is self-learning / online / through SWAYAM or may be organized MOOC platform course the teachers / faculty of department / Institute / College will facilitate the learning and assessment of the course.
- All those students who have not studied the course of Psychology or relevant subject will have to do Pre-requisite course and earn 24 credits.
- Psychology graduates are exempted from this course.
- Assessment / Examination and Evaluation of this Additional course work / Pre-requisite course will be done through Internal Assessment Process at level of Department / Institute.
- The course completion certificate will be submitted by Head of the Department / Institute to the Examination Section of the University, before completion of second semester university examination of that academic year.
- The undertaking along with the list of those student who do not required the Additional Course Work / Pre-requisite Course will be simultaneously submitted by the Head of University Department / Principal / Head of the Institute to the Examination Center.
- It is compulsory to the admitted student (Non Psychology graduates) to Complete Additional course work / Pre-Requisite Course in the first Semester & second Semester of the current academic year.
- The evaluation of the said Additional course work / Pre-requisite course will be done under the concerned Department / Institute. The subject expert of the regarding programme or course, Institute will have authority to conduct the evaluation.
- The complete outline of the Additional course work / Pre-requisite course is given at the beginning of the syllabus of the said course.

Part – B

Sant Gadge Baba Amravati University, Amravati. Faculty: Interdisciplinary Two Years - Four Semester Master's Degree Programme-NEP v24 M.A. Counselling and Psychotherapy (Part I) Semester I

	Semester 1							
Sr. No	Code of the Course	Code of the Subject	Title of the Course/Subject	Total Learning Hours	Credit			
1.	RM and IPR	CPT 101	Research Methodology- I	60	04			
2.	DSC I.1	CPT 102	Fundamentals of Psychology	60	04			
3.	DSC II.1	CPT 103	Fundamentals of Counselling and Fields of Counselling	60	04			
4.	DSC III.1	CPT 104	Psycho-Diagnostics	60	04			
5.	DSE I	CPT 105 A CPT 105 B	Human Development and Family Relationship OR Cognitive Psychology	60	04			
6.	DSC I.1 LAB	CPT 106	Practical	60	02			
7.	Experiential lear Digital learning, etc.	240	Included Above					
		Tota	al	Minimum 600 Learning Hours	22			

This paper consists of eight laboratory experiments/Tests, Analysis of a Film/Case and seminar. Each student shall complete eight experiments and submit record book containing reports of experiment, Tests, Analysis of a Film/Case and Seminar.

1) Experiments (Any Four)

- 1. Substitution Learning
- 2. Memory Span
- 3. Recall and Recognition
- 4. Mental Set
- 5. Muller Lyer Illusion
- 6. Habit interference
- 7. Effect of knowledge of result on performance
- 8. Judgement of Emotion

2) Test (Any Four)

- 1. Intelligence
- 2. Creativity
- 3. Emotional Intelligence
- 4. Personality
- 5. Aptitude
- 6. Attitude

3) **Visits- Four**- Visits to Agencies like Family Court, Observation Homes, Central Prison, Hospitals, De –addiction Centre, Family Counselling Centre etc. A student has to prepare & present a PPT based on his/her given visit (Any one)

4) Viewing & Analysis of a film based on Psychological Disorder.

Sr. No	Code of the Course	Code of the Subject	Title of the Course/Subject	Total Learning Hours	Credit	
1.	DSC I.2	CPT 201	Abnormal Psychology I	Abnormal Psychology I 60		
2.	DSC II.2	CPT 202	Psychotherapy I	60	04	
3.	DSC III.2	CPT 203	Counselling Skills and Practices	60	04	
		CPT 204 A	Vocational Guidance and Counselling			
4.	DSE II	OR	OR	60	04	
		CPT 204 B	Personally Theories			
5.	DSC I.2 LAB	CPT 205	Practical	60	02	
	OJT, Internship/ Field Projects.		If the student opts to exit the programme after I year then -# On Job Training, Internship / Apprenticeship; Field projects Related to Major (120 Hrs)		04*	
7.	-	-	self-study / field visits / Digital on and Examination etc.	300	Included Above	
	Minimum 600 1 Total Learning Hours					

M.A. Counselling and Psychotherapy (Part I) Semester II

1) Test (Any Eight) :

- 1. Eysenck's Personality Questionnaire [EPQ]
- 2. Self-Concept Inventory
- 3. Aggression Scale
- 4. Death Anxiety Scale
- 5. Youth Problem Check List
- 6. Mental Status Examination
- 7. Depression Scale
- 8. Stress Scale
- 9. Social Maturity Scale
- 10. Old Age Adjustment Inventory
- 11. Mental Health Inventory
- 12. TAT/Rorschach Ink Blot Test

2) Internship

- Two case studies (presentation and report) to be conducted on Psychological disorders.
- Presentation of report of Internship a power point presentation shall be made by the examinee pertaining to the internship120 hours, in the presence of external examiner. An examiner has to face and answer the questions asked by the examiner with regards personal and technical preparations for internship and experiences gained during internship.

Sant Gadge Baba Amravati University, Amravati. Faculty: Interdisciplinary Two Years - Four Semester Master's Degree Programme-NEPv24

Programme: M.A. Counselling and Psychotherapy (Part I)

Semester: I

Sr. No.	Subject	Code Of the Subject/Course	Type of Course	Title of the Course/Subject	Total Learning Hours	Credit
1	RM and IPR	CPT 101	Th-Major	Research Methodology and Intellectual Property Right	60	4

Cos:

- Through this paper, students know about fundamental and advance methodology in research.
- The main objective of the IPR is to make the students aware of their rights for the protection of their invention done in their project work.
- To get registration in our country and foreign countries of their invention, design and thesis
- To get registration of Theory written by the students during their project work and for this they must have knowledge of Patents, copy right.
- To have knowledge of trademarks Designs and information Technology Act.
- To be acquainted by different types of IPR's.

Unit	Content	Hours
	Social Research:	
Unit I	Objectives	10
	Characteristics	
	• Importance	
	utility of Social Research	
	Major steps in Scientific Research:	
Unit II	• Formulation of Research Problems:	
	Selection of the Problems	10
	• Hypothesis	
	Sources of Hypothesis	
	Data Collection :	
Unit III	Primary sources of data	
	Secondary sources of data	
	Tools of Data Collection	10
	• Interview: Main Steps of Interview Techniques, Qualities of	
	good interviewer.	
	Scaling Techniques :	
Unit IV	• The Bogardus social distance scale,	10
	Stoichiometric Scale.	
	Validity in Social Research	
	Reliability in Social Research	
	Problems of Study in Social Research :	
Unit V	Nature of social phenomena	
	Objectivity: meaning	10
	 Difficulties in objectivity 	
	Significance of objectivity	
	Intellectual Property Rights:	
Unit VI	Introduction to IPR :Nature of Property	
	Meaning of Intellectual Rights.	10
	• Patent Rights	
	Copy right	

Reference Books:

- 1) Merton, Robert: Social Theory and Social Structure
- 2) Goode, W and Hatt P. Methods in Social Research
- 3) Jahoda, M. Deuteck and cook : Research Methods in Social Relation.
- 4) Festinger, L.D. and Katz, D (ed): Research Methods in behavioural Sciences.
- 5) Modge, J. Hie tools of Social Sciences
- 6) Young, P.V. Scientific Social Survey and Research.
- 7) Lazaras, Field P. (Ed): Language of social Research.
- 8) Wilkinson, T.S. and .P.L. Bhandarkar: Methodology and Techniques of social Research, Himalaya Publishing House, Bombay.
- 9) P. Qarrett: Statistics in Education and Psychology.
- 10) Mueller and Schuessler: Stastical Resioning in Sociology.
- 11) P. Saravanavel: Research Methodology.
- 12) Bose, Pradip Kumar : Research Methodology, New Delhi, ICCSR
- 13) D.A. Devaus, 1 986: Surveys in Social ResearchJ London
- 14) Punch, Keith 1 986: Introduction to Social Research.
- 15) Mukharjee P.N. 2000 Methodology in social Research.
- 16) पु.ल. भााडारकर :सामािजक साशोधन पÅदती,महाराÕů राऽय úाथजनजिमती माडळ, नागपूर.
- 17) वािेपेयी एस. आर. : सामािजक अनुसांधान और सवेeण
- 18) सतपाल। हेला :सामािजक सवेeण और अनुसांधान के मुलतßवे
- 19) खैरनार जदलीप, राऊत ÿा. जकशोर :सामािजक साशोधन पAंदती.
- 20) आगलावे डॉ. एंजदप, सामािजक साशोधन प#तीशा।' व तं\े, साईनाथ एंकाशन नागपरू.
- 21) कहाडे डॉ.बी. एम. शााीय साशोधन पत्तती, जपापळापुरे ॲंÁड का . पि&लशिस नागपरू.
- 22) घाटोळे रा.ना. समािशाााीय साशोधन पंमती व तAंवे, Aी. मागेश; काशन नागपूर.
- 23) बौ&लAदक सापदा ह³कः डॉ. जव.म. गोजवलकर, डायमाड पि&लके शन
- 24) बौ&लÅदक सापदा ह³क: Öałप आजण समÖया, डॉ. ियAी नेमाडे, ÿशाात पि&लके शन
- 25) Intellectual Property Rights in India, V. K. Ahuja, Volume 1 & Volume 2.
- 26) Encyclopaedia of Social Science

M.A Counselling and Psychotherapy (Part I)

Semester: I

Sr. No.	Subject	Code Of the Subject/Course	Type of Course	Title of the Course/Subject	Total Learning Hours	Credit
2	DSC-II.1	CPT 102	Th-Major	Fundamentals of Psychology	60	4

Cos:

- Students will understand key psychological approaches and research methods.
- Students will learn about the brain, nervous system, and biological bases of behavior.
- Students will explore major branches of psychology and their interdisciplinary connections.
- Students will grasp the fundamentals of motivation, emotion, and related theories.
- Students will study the concepts, types, and theories of intelligence and personality.
- Students will understand and apply different learning theories and conditioning methods.

Unit	Content	Hours
Unit I	 Introduction to Psychology Definition and goals of Psychology, schools of Psychology: Psychodynamic, behaviorism, humanistic, Cognitive. Methods of Psychology- Experimental, Observation, Survey, Correlational and clinical method. 	10
Unit II	 Biological bases of behavior: Function and structure of neuron, Spinal cord and brain. Autonomic nervous system 	10
Unit III	 Branches of Psychology Relationship with other sciences Social Psychology, Health, Educational, Industrial Psychology. Nero Psychology Developmental Psychology Clinical Psychology Francis Psychology 	10
Unit IV	 Motivation and Emotion Motivation: Definition, Motivational cycle, types of motives: Physiological, Psychological, Social motives. Hierarchy of motives Emotions: Definition, characteristics, physiological changes in emotion, role of limbic system. Theories of emotion- James-Lange, Cannon-Bard, Schechter Singer theory. Coping Mechanism 	10
Unit V	 Intelligence and Personality Intelligence: Definition, types, the concept of IQ, distribution of IQ, types of intelligence, measurement, Theories of intelligence-Banet, Spearman, Thurston, and Guilford. Personality: Nature, definition, Personality measurement, Trait and type approach. Determinants of personality: heredity and environment) 	10

	Learning and Memory	
Unit VI	• Learning: Definition, Types of learning, Methods of learning	
	: imitation, Classical and instrumental conditioning, trial and	
	error, insight learning	10
	• Memory: Definition, stages of memory, sensory memory,	
	short-term memory and long-term memory. Methods to	
	measure retention, techniques to improve memory	

Reference Books:

- 1) Myers, D. G. (2013): Psychology, McMillan, New Delhi.
- 2) Ciccarelli, S. and Mayer (2008): Psychology, Pearson-Longman South Asia Edition.
- 3) Baron and Misra (2016): Psychology(5thed.) Pearson, New Delhi.
- Passer, M. W. and Smith, R. E. (2007): Psychology: The Science of Mind and Behaviour; Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi.
- Thompson Wadsworth. Introduction to Psychology, Gateways to Mind and Behaviour. Singapore.
- जससरे ली आजणमेयर (२००८) : अमृताओक, शोभना अर्थयांकर आजण जशला गोळाजवलकर) मानसशा/ः जपयरसन दजeण आजशया आवती.
- 7) जनशा माधडा आजण शजशकाति खलाने (२०१३) मानसशाा'ाची मुलतÂवे : अथिव ÿकाशन,
- 8) जहरवे आजण तडसरे (२००६) : सामाÆय मानसशा।', फडके ÿकाशन, कोÐहापरू.
- 9) ईनामदार, गाडेकर आजण पाटील (२००६) आधुजनक सामाÆय मानसशा।, डायमाड ÿकाशन, पुणे.
- 10) पाजडत, कुळकणी आजण गोरे (१९९९) : सामाÆय मानसशा।', जपापराळे ÿकाशन, नागपरू.
- 11) बडगुिर बाछावआजण जशादे (२००६) सामाÆय मानसशा।' जवाा ÿकाशन,औरा गाबाद.
- 12) पाÅये Óही. एस.(२०१५): आधुजनक सामाÆय मानसशा।', जवाा ÿकाशन, औरा गाबाद.
- 13) बो।डे आर. आर. (२००२) बोधजनक मानसशा।', छाया ÿकाशन, औरां गाबाद.
- 14) जनाबाळकर, के. पी. (२०१६): मानसशााीय ÿयोग आजण पररeण, सायकोÖकॅ न,वधाि.
- 15) देशमुख, एन. एच. (२००७) : अर्थयास कौशÐय, वेदमुþा ÿकाशन, अमरावती

M. A. Counselling and Psychotherapy (Part –I)

Sr. No.	Subject	Code Of the Subject/Course	Type of Course	Title of the Course/Subject	Total Learning Hours	Credit
3	DSC- III.1	CPT 103	Th-Major	Fundamentals of counselling and fields of counselling	60	4

Semester: I

Cos:

- Gain the knowledge of concept and various fields of counselling.
- To understand the proper process of Counselling
- To apply family therapy to clients.
- To do basic counselling of needy people in education sectors
- To able to solve various types of problems faced by major health issues.
- To able to solve various types of problems faced by industrial workers.

Unit	Content	Hours
Unit I	 Introduction to Counselling and Family Therapy Counselling: Meaning, Scope and Goals of Counseling. Types of Counselling Characteristics of Effective Counsellor Ethics in Counselling 	10
Unit II	 Understanding Counselling as a Process Essential factors in counselling process Stages of the counselling process Professional issues of Counsellor 	10
Unit III	 Schools of Family Therapy & Modalities of Counselling Solution Focused and Strategic Family Therapy Cognitive Behavioral Family Therapy 	
	 Integrated Approach to Family Therapy Family Interviewing Crisis Intervention Social Skill Therapy Psycho-education Unit 	10
Unit IV	 Psycho-education Unit EDUCATIONAL COUNSELLING Meaning, Scope of Educational Counseling Emotional and Behavioral Problems School Difficulties Child/Adolescent with Disability Parent Training Dealing with victims of child sexual abuse 	10
Unit V	 HEALTH COUNSELLING Meaning, Scope and of Health Counseling Working with Chronic Illness Dealing with HIV/AIDS Dealing with Cancer Patients Dealing with Substance Abuse Unit Dealing with Deliberate Self Harm 	10

	INDUSTRIAL COUNSELLING	
TT :4 X/T	Meaning, Scope and of Industrial Counseling	
Unit VI	Organizational Behavior,	
	• Role overload,	
	Occupational Stress,	10
	• Labor – Management crisis,	10
	• Psychological & Mental health Problems,	
	• Absenteeism,	
	Maladjustment	

Reference Books:

- 1. Band, Tim (1997) Standards and Ethics for Counselling in Action, New Delhi: SAGE
- Aggarwal, J. C., (1998) Career information & Career Guidance: Theory & Practice, Doaba House, New Delhi.
- 3. Cochran, Larry, D., and Crow, Alice (1962) An Introduction to Guidance: Basic Principal and Practice, Eurasia Publication House Ltd. New Delhi
- 4. Deshpande, Chandra shekhar :Samopadeshan Praksriya, Pune

M. A. Counselling and Psychotherapy (Part I)

Sr. No.	Subject	Code Of the Subject/Course	Type of Course	Title of the Course/Subject	Total Learning Hours	Credit
4	DSC- IV.1	CPT 104	Th-Major	Psycho-diagnostics	60	4

Semester: I

Cos:

- Know the History of Clinical Psychology and understand the detail concept of clinical psychology
- Understand the pillars of Clinical Psychology.
- Understand the detail concept of Interviewing an Observation, To develop the observation skills and know different of Interviewing & observation
- Understand the Assessing Intelligence and know the theories of Intelligence
- Familiarize with psychological test and access basic function. Of the mind & behavior
- Implement of psychological measurement and to implement & understand different types of assessment measure.

Unit	Content	Hours
	The Evolution of clinical psychology and contemporary clinical	
Unit I	Psychology:-	
	 Defining the nature and scope of clinical psychology 	
	Mental health professions	10
	A brief History of clinical psychology	
	Activities of clinical psychologists	
Unit II	Employment Settings	10
	 The two pillars of clinical psychology: Science and ethics 	10
	 Training in clinical psychology 	
	Licensure in clinical psychology	
	Assessment: Interviewing and Observation	
Unit III	• Ethical issues: Limits of confidentiality	
	 Unstructured Assessment interviews 	
	Structured Diagnostic Interviews	10
	General Issues in Interviewing	
	Observations	
	Assessment: Intellectual and cognitive measures	
Unit IV	Defining Intelligence	10
	Theories of Intelligence	10
	Assessing Intelligence: The Clinical context	
	Assessment: Self – Report and Projective measures	
Unit V	Self-Presentation biases	10
Unit v	 Developing Culturally appropriate measures 	10
	Projective measures of Personality	
	Clinical Assessment	10
Unit VI	 Introduction to Psychological Testing, Principles, Uses and 	
	Classification.	
	Relation and administration of Tests	
	Personality testing	
	• Aptitude test	
	Diagnostic psychological testing	

Reference Books:

- George R. J. (2000) Psychological Testing: History: Principal & Application, Boston: Allyn & Baeen.
- 2. Anastasi, A. & Vrbina, S. (1977) Psychological Testing, USA: Prentice Hal
- 3. Garret, H.E. (1962) Statistic in Psychology & Education, London, Longmans
- 4. Sarason, I.G. and Sarson, B. R.(2005) Abnormal psychology. N.D. :Dorling Kindersley
- 5. Caroson, R. C., Butcher, J. N. Mineka, S, and Hooley, J.M. (2007) Abnormal Psychology 13th
- 6. Edition. Pearson Education India
- 7. Taylor, S. (2006) 6th Edition: Health Psychology. N. D: Tata McGhraw-Hill Publication

M. A. Counselling and Psychotherapy (Part – I)

Sr. No.	Subject	Code Of the Subject/Course	Type of Course	Title of the Course/Subject	Total Learning Hours	Credit
5	DSE-IV.I A	CPT 105 A	Th- Major Elective	Human development and family relationships	60	4

Semester: I

Cos:

- Know the history of Human development
- Know different stages of Human development
- To deal with different challenges.
- Understand the period of development the significance of age and discuss development issue.
- Understand the family theoretical perspective
- To get familiars with family life circle

Unit	Content	Hours
	Introduction to Human Development	
Unit I	 Concept of human development, Growth and Development, Biological Perspectives, Psychoanalytic Theories: Cognitive, Learning and Intelligence Theories, Humanistic, Ethological and Contextual Theories Methods of Studying Development, role of nature and nurture 	10
	in development	
Unit II	 Parental Development and Infancy Prenatal Development: Genetics, stages, characteristics and hazards of prenatal development Infancy: The birth process, Types of birth , Complication of childbirth 	10
	• Infancy: Physical, emotional, major development and	
	hazards in infancy	
Unit III	 Childhood & Adolescence Early and late childhood: characteristics, physical, social, cognitive and moral Development and hazards Schooling and Development: Problems in Childhood, ADHD, Autism, learning Disabilities. Stages of adolescence: characteristics, physical and cognitive Changes, social, moral and self-development. Challenges and issues in adolescent development, Role of Parenting 	10
Unit IV	 Adulthood and Aging Early adulthood: characteristics and development, vocational adjustments, and family life Cycle, problems in it. Middle adulthood: characteristics and development, midlife crisis and adjustments. Late adulthood: characteristics, physical changes, problems and adjustment Challenges and Issues in aging Process 	10

Unit V	 The Family: Theoretical Perspectives Diversity in Family Form,: Family Dynamics: Mapping Family Relationships: Family Theories- 	10
Unit VI	 Family Life Cycle Stages – Family Life Cycle Marriage and the Beginning Child Bearing Families Families with Elementary and Middle School Children Families with Teenagers Families with Middle-aged Parents and Ageing Family Members 	10

Reference Books:-

- 1. Berk L. C.: Child Development (1996) 5th edition prentice hall of India PVT. Ltd.
- 2. Hurlock E. B.: "Developmental Psychology (1999) 6th edition TMH, New Delhi
- 3. Lahey B. B. (1998) Psychology, 6th edition TMH, New Delhi
- 4. Mussen Conger: Child Development.
- 5. Papalia D. E.: Human Development (2004) 9th edition TMH, New Delhi

M.A Counselling and Psychotherapy (Part – I)

Sr. No.	Subject	Code Of the Subject/Course	Type of Course	Title of the Course/Subject	Total Learning Hours	Credit
5	DSE-IV.I B	CPT 105 B	Th-Major Elective	Cognitive Psychology	60	4

Semester: I

Cos:

- Students will learn about the foundational concepts, historical development, key theoretical approaches, and research methods in cognitive psychology, as well as its current status and paradigms.
- Students will learn about the different types of attention and perception, the major theories explaining these cognitive processes, and the factors influencing how we process and interpret sensory information.
- Students will learn about the cognitive processes underlying language development, speech perception, reading, speaking, and writing, as well as the factors that influence language comprehension and communication.
- Students will learn about the stages, types, and approaches to problem-solving, including the use of algorithms, heuristics, means-ends analysis, computer simulations, and analogies.
- Students will learn about the phases involved in the decision-making process, from setting goals to evaluating outcomes, as well as various models of decision-making, including Expected Utility Theory, Multi attribute Utility Theory, Image Theory, and Recognition-Primed Decision Making.
- Students will learn about the concept of creativity, how it is defined and measured, and the roles of attitude, cognitive dissonance, and attribution theory in the creative process.

Introduction To Cognitive psychology A) Origin and Brief History of Cognitive Psychology : i) Current status of cognitive psychology ii) Modern cognitive psychology B) Isms in Cognitive Psychology	
i) Current status of cognitive psychologyii) Modern cognitive psychology	
ii) Modern cognitive psychology	
B) Isms in Cognitive Psychology	10
(ii) Ecological approach	
Attention and Perception	
A) Attention:	
i) Divided attention	
ii) Selective attention	
B) Theories of Attention	
i) Filter theory	10
ii) Attenuation theory	
iii) Late selection theory	
iv) Multimode theory	
i) Gestalt	
ii) Bottom-up	
iii) Top-down	
iv) Feature analysis	
v) Subliminal perception	
vi) extra sensory perception	
vii)signal detection theory	
	 C) Research Methods of Cognitive Psychology D) Paradigms of Cognitive Psychology (i) Information Processing approach, (ii) Ecological approach Attention and Perception A) Attention: i) Divided attention ii) Selective attention B) Theories of Attention i) Filter theory ii) Attenuation theory iii) Late selection theory iv) Multimode theory C) Theories of Perception i) Gestalt ii) Bottom-up iii) Top-down iv) Feature analysis v) Subliminal perception vi) extra sensory perception

	Andrea	
Unit III	Language A) Language Learning	
	i) Stages of language development	
	ii) Apes and language	
	n) ripes and language	
	B) Understanding Spoken Language:	
	ii) S Constituent structure	
	iii) Transformation grammar	
	iv) Factor Affecting comprehensive	
	C) Reading	
	i) Theories of word recognition	10
	ii) Reading and working memory	
	D) Speaking	
	i) Selecting the content of speech	
	ii) Speech errors	
	iii) Gesture	
	iv) The social context of speech	
	E) Writing	
	i) Comparing speaking and writing	
	ii) Cognitive task involved in writing	
	Problem-solving	
Unit IV	A) Define Problem	
	i) Stages of problem solving	
	ii) Types of problem	
	iii) Problem solving approach	
	iv) Algorithms	
	v) Heuristic	
	vi) Means ends analysis	10
	vii) Computer simulation and analogy.	
	Decision Making	
Unit V	A) Phases of Decision Making	
	i) Setting Goals	
	ii) Gathering Information	
	iii) Structuring Decision	
	iv) Making a Final Choice	10
	v) Evaluating	
	B) Models of Decision Making	
	i) Expected Utility Theory	
	ii) Multi attribute Utility Theory	
	iii) Image Theory	
	iv) Recognition-Primed Decision Making	
Unit VI	Creativity	
	B) Creativity	
	i) Define creativity	
	ii) Measuring creativity	10
	iii) Attitude and Cognitive dissonance	
	iv) Attribution theory.	

Reference Books :

- 1) Matlin, M. (1994). Cognition. Prism India Books
- 2) Solso, R.L. (2004). Cognitive Psychology (6th ed). Delhi: Pearson Education.
- 3) Stenberg, R. J. (2007). Cognitive Psychology. Australia: Thompson Wadsowrth.
- 4) Galloti, K.M.(2004). Cognitive Psychology In and Out of Laboratory. USA: Thomson Wadesworth.
- 5) Kellogg, R. T. (2007). Fundamentals of Cognitive Psychology. N. D. Sage
- 6) Publications. Wade, C. and Tavris, C. (2007). Psychology. Pearson Education.
- 7) 6.Best, J. B. (1999). Cognitive Psychology. USA: Wadsworth Publishing Co.
- 8) Gunther, R. K. (1998). Human Cognition. New Jersey: Prentice-Hall.
- 9) Kalpan, S. & amp; Kalpan, R. (1982) Cognition & Environment. N.Y.: Praeger Publishers.
- 10) Flavell, J. H. (1985). Cognitive Development. (2nd ed). N.J.: Prentice-Hall.
- Reed, S. K. (1998). Cognition: Theory and Application (3rd ed). California Books/Cole Pub. Company.
- 12) Borude, R.R. Bodhanik Manasashastra. Chhaya Prakashan.
- 13) Cohen, G. (1983). Psychology of Cognition (2nd ed). London: Academic Press.
- 14) Desai, B. & Abhyankar, S.C. (2007).
- 15) Prayogik Manasashastra and Sanshodhan Paddhati.Pune: Narendra Prakashan.

Sant Gadge Baba Amravati University, Amravati.

Faculty: Inter-disciplinary Studies

Two Years- Four Semesters Post Master's Degree Programme-NEPv24

M. A. Counselling and Psychotherapy (Part – I)

Semester:	Π	[Level	6.0]
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Sr. No.	Subject	Code Of the Subject/Course	Type of Course	Title of the Course/Subject	Total Learning Hours	Credit
1	DSC-I.2	CPT 201	Th-Major	Abnormal psychology I	60	4

Cos:

Student should be able to:

- Students will differentiate between normal and abnormal psychological patterns.
- Students will identify and apply DSM and ICD classification systems in clinical settings.
- Students will diagnose and analyze various mental disorders based on clinical features.
- Enhance academic interest about psychological illness and mental health.
- To develop the skills so as to become a good psychology practitioner.
- Awareness of mental illness and mental health in the surrounding area.

Unit	Content	Hours
Unit I	Definitions of abnormal behavior, Difference between normal and abnormal behavior, The DSM-5 and ICD 10 classification of abnormal behavior,	10
Unit II	Biological, psychological and sociocultural perspectives of abnormal behavior. Relationship between abnormal Psychology Counselling.	10
Unit III	Causes and risk factors in abnormal behavior: Necessary, sufficient and contributory factors. Biological, psychosocial and sociocultural factors of abnormal behavior	10
Unit IV	Health problems and behavior. Psychological factors in health and disease. Stress and the stress response, biological cost of stress, stress and the immune system. The link between the brain and the immune system.	10
Unit V	Lifestyle factors in health and illness. Psychosomatic disorders and somatic Form disorder	10
Unit VI	Anxiety based disorders: Generalized anxiety disorder, phobic disorders, obsessive compulsive disorder, and panic disorder with and without agoraphobia. Stress and adjustment disorders, Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder.	10

Reference Books :

- Alloy, L. B.; Riskind, J. H. and Manos, M. J. (2006). Abnormal Psychology: Current Perspectives, 9th ed. Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- 2) Barlow, D. H. and Durand, V. M. (2007). Abnormal Psychology: An Integrative Approach, 4th ed. Thompson (India Edition).
- Carson, C. C. ; Butcher, J. N. and Mineka, S. (2004). Abnormal Psychology and Modern Life, 11th ed. Pearson, New Delhi.
- Carson, C. C. ; Butcher, J. N.; Mineka, S. and Hooley, J. M. (2011). Abnormal Psychology, 13th ed. Pearson, New Delhi.
- 5) Sarason, I. G. and Sarason B. R. (2002). Abnormal Psychology, 10th ed. Prentice Hall, New Delhi.
- 6) Sarason, I. G. and Sarason B. R. (2006). Abnormal Psychology: The Problem of Mal daptive Behavior, 11th ed. Prentice Hall, New Delhi.

M. A. Counselling and Psychotherapy (Part – I)

Sr. No.	Subject	Code Of the Subject/Course	Type of Course	Title of the Course/Subject	Total Learning Hours	Credit
2	DSC-II.2	CPT 202	Th-Major	Psychotherapy-1	60	4

Semester: II

Cos:

- Gain the knowledge of various psychotherapy and its basic procedure.
- Understand effectiveness of specific psychotherapy in solution of particular problem.
- Gain the knowledge of different psychotherapeutic skills.
- Completion of supervised clinical hours where trainees apply their knowledge in real-world settings under the guidance of experienced psychotherapists.
- Ability to integrate theoretical knowledge and clinical data to develop comprehensive case formulations.
- Intervention Strategies. Experience in implementing intervention strategies and adapting them based on client progress.

Unit	Content	Hours
	Introduction to psychotherapy:	
Unit I	Nature and definition of Psychotherapies	
	• The counsellor as a therapeutic person (Personal	
	characteristics of effective counsellor)	10
	• The counsellors values and therapeutic process	
	• Ethical issues and counselling practices.	
	Psychoanalytic Therapies: Classical and Modern	
Unit II	Introduction of Psychoanalysis	
	• Key concepts:	
	Structure of personality	10
	The Dynamics of Personalize	
	and Development of Personality	
	Psychoanalytic Therapies: Modern	
Unit III	Erikson's Psychological perspective	
	• Jung's perspective on	
	the	10
	• Development of	
	Personality	
	Behavior Therapies:	
Unit IV	 Historical background and four areas of development 	
	• Key concepts: View of human nature, basic characteristics and	
	assumptions	10
	• The therapeutic process: therapeutic goals, therapist's function and role	
	• Introduction to operant conditioning therapy techniques	

Unit V	 Cognitive, Humanistic and Existential Therapies Cognitive Therapies: Key concepts of REBT, Mindfulness and REBT, Beck's Cognitive Therapy. Rogers client entered therapy Gestalt therapy Logo therapy and Reality therapy 	10
Unit VI	 Multimodal and Eastern Therapies, T.A Lazarus Multimodal Therapy: BASIC. I.D. Eastern Therapies: Vipassana and Zen Buddhism Islam and Sufism Yoga Therapy 	10

Reference Books :

- 1) Capuzzi, D., & Gross, D.R. (2008). Counselling and Psychotherapy: theories and interventions 4th Edn. Pearson Education: India.
- Corey, G. (2008). Theory and practice of group Counselling. Thomson Brooks/Cole: Belmont CA: USA.
- 3) Prochaska, J.O., & Norcross, J.C. (2007). Systems of psychotherapy: a transtheoretical analysis. 6th Edn. Thomson Brooks/Cole: Belmont, CA : USA.
- 4) Corsini, R.J. & Wedding, D. (Eds.) (1995). Current psychotherapies. Itasca, Ill.: F.E. Peacock.
- 5) Gelso, C. J. & Fretz, B.R. (1995). Counselling psychology Bangalore: Prism books.
- 6) Woolfe, R. & Dryden, W. (Eds.) (1996). Handbook of Counselling psychology. New Delhi: Sage.
- 7) Stewart, I. (2000). Transactional analysis Counselling in action. London: Sage.
- 8) Beck, A.T. (1976). Cognitive therapy and behavior disorders.
- Rimm, D.C. & Masters, J.C. (1987). Behavior therapy: Techniques and empirical findings. New York: Harcourt, Brace, Jovanich.
- Ajay, S.(1989). Psychotherapy: East and West. Hinsdale, Penn.: Himalayan International Inst. Ellis, A. & Harper, A. (1975).
- 11) A new guide to rational living. Englewood Cliffs, N.J.: Prentice-Hall.

M. A. Counselling and Psychotherapy ((Part - I)

Sr. No.	Subject	Code Of the Subject/Course	Type of Course	Title of the Course/Subject	Total Learning Hours	Credit
3	DSC-III.2	CPT 203	Th-Major	Counselling skills and practices	60	4

Semester: II

Cos:

- Students will learn the stages of the counseling process, including building rapport, assessment, goal setting, intervention, and termination.
- Students will understand and articulate the major counseling skills.
- Role-Playing: Engage in role-playing scenarios to practice counseling skills in a controlled environment.
- Learn to use and interpret various psychological assessment tools and techniques.
- Ability to adapt counseling techniques to fit the cultural and individual needs of diverse clients.
- Crisis Intervention: Understand and apply crisis intervention strategies.

Unit	Content	Hours
	Counselling –Introduction	
Unit I	Definition of Counselling	
	Difference between Guidance & Counselling & Therapy	10
	Phases of Counselling	10
	Confidentiality & Record Keeping	
	Legal Responsibilities in Counseling	
	Fundamental Counselling Skills	
Unit II	Attending and Interacting skills	10
	Observational Skills	
	Reflective Listening	
Unit III	Specific Counselling Skills	
cint m	 Paraphrasing and reflecting feelings 	
	Asking questions	20
	• Self-Disclosing,	20
	Facilitating problem solving	
	Application of core Counselling skill	
Unit IV	Self-Disclosure Skills	
	Skills for Electing and Assessing Feelings and Physical	
	Reactions	10
	Skills for Electing and Assessing Thinking	
	Skills for Electing and Assessing Communication and Actions	
	Skills for Working with Clients and Negotiating Home Work	
	Crisis Counselling	
Unit V	Meaning and Definition of crisis counselling	10
	Relaxation techniques	10
	Behavioral activities	
	Cognitive restructuring	
	Life coping skills	
Unit VI	• Self-Awareness	
	Decision Making	
	Creative thinking	
	Critical Thinking,	
	Interpersonal relationship	10
	• Goal Setting,	
	Coping with Stress,	
	Coping with emotions	

Reference Books:

- 1) Feltham, C. & Horton, I.E. (ed) (2006). The Sage handbook of Counselling and Psychotherapy (2nd ed.). London: Sage Publication.
- 2) Gibson, R.L., Mitchell, M.H. (2005). Introduction to counselling and guidance (6th ed.). Delhi: Pearson education Pte. Ltd.
- 3) Gelso, C.J., Fretz, B.R. (1995) Counselling psychology. Banglore: Prism books Pvt. Ltd
- 4) Gregory, R.J. (2005). Psychological Testing (4th ed.), Delhi: Pearson education Pte. Ltd.
- 5) Nelson R. Jones (2000). Introduction to counselling skills, text and activities. London: Sage Publication.
- 6) Cohen, R.J., Swerdlik, M.E. (2005). Psychological testing and assessment (6th ed.). Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill.
- 7) Dalai Lama, His Holiness the & Cutler, S.C. (1998). The art of happiness: The handbook for living. Sidney: Hodder.

M. A. Counselling and Psychotherapy $\left(Part-I\right)$

Sr. No.	Subject	Code Of the Subject/Course	Type of Course	Title of the Course/Subject	Total Learning Hours	Credit
4	DSE- I.II	CPT 204 A	Th-Major Elective	Vocational guidance and counselling	60	4

Semester: II

Cos:

- Identify educational problems of students at different stages.
- Administer and interpret different types of tests.
- Help students with learning difficulties and social/emotional problems.
- Prepare for the world of work.
- To help students to compete with a winning attitude
- To develop soft skills

	Content	Hours
	Managing The Guidance Service	
Unit I	• Setting up of an Educational Cell/Unit	
	• Monitoring and Evaluation of a comprehensive	
	Guidance Programme in Educational Settings.	10
	• Networking with Community Agencies.	
	Vocational Guidance and Counselling	
Unit II	The nature of Vocational Guidance	
	Vocational Guidance meaning, need and Importance	
	The need for Vocational Guidance	10
	The Socio-economic and Cultural Context	
	The Concept of Vocational Development	
Unit III	The Concept of Vocational Development and factor	
	contributing to	
	Vocational Development.	10
	Theories of Vocational Development	
	Donald Super's Self-actualization	
	Ginsberg's Occupational Choice.	
	The Purpose of Vocational Counselling	
Unit IV	• Job analysis	
	Job satisfaction	
	Occupational Information	10
	Sources of occupational Information	
	Preparation For The World of Work	
Unit V	Studying Job Requirements	
	Training for interviews	
	• The Psychology of Entrepreneurship	10
	Counselling employees	

	Human Recourses	
Unit VI	Hiring people	
	Motivating & maintaining People	
	• Recruitment & Selection, Job analysis.	10
	Counselling employee.	

Reference Books :

- 1. Gelso, C.J., Fretz, B.R. (1995). Counselling psychology. Banglore: Prism Books Pvt. Ltd
- 2. Gibson, R.L., Mitchell, M.H. (2003). Introduction to counselling and guidance (6th ed.). Delhi: Pearson Education.
- Arulmani, G, Arulmani, S. (2004). Career counselling: A handbook. New Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Co. Ltd.

M. A. Counselling and Psychotherapy (Part – I)

Sr. No.	Subject	Code Of the Subject/Course	Type of Course	Title of the Course/Subject	Total Learning Hours	Credit
4	DSE-II.II	CPT 204 B	Th-Major Elective	Personality Theories	60	4

Semester: II

Cos:

- Understand the details concept of personality psychology
- Understand the behavior approach of personality •
- Gain the knowledge of psychoanalytic theory
- Understand the detail concept of cognitive behavior approach
 Determine the humanistic and existential approach of personality.
- Evaluate the Indian approaches of personality.

Unit	Content	Hours
Unit I	Personality Psychology	
	• The concept of personality: nature, Definition and	
	heterogeneity.	
	Theory of personality: Characteristics, major	10
	components, evaluation of personality theory, important	
	issues in personality theory.	
Unit II	Behavioral And Social Approach	
	Behavioral view of the person	10
	• Pavlov, B. F. Skinner A. Bandura, J. Rotter, Dollard and	10
	Miller	
Unit III	Psychoanalytic approach	
	Sigmund Freud Theory	10
	• Erik H Erikson	10
Unit IV	Cognitive Behavioral Approach	
	• G. Kelly,	10
	• Michell,	10
	Ellis,Beck	
	• Веск	
Unit V	Humanistic And Existential Approach	
	• C. Rogers,	10
	Maslow	10
	• R. May,	
	• V. Frankl	
Unit VI	The Indian Approaches To Personality	
	Guna theory-Srimad bhagvatgeeta	
	• View point of Shri. Aurobindo Gautam Budha- Abhidhama.	
		10

- 1) Barabara, E (2006). Personality Theories (7 thed). New York: Houghton mifflin Company
- 2) Boeree, C. G. (2006) Personality Theories [http://www.ship.edu/%7Ecgboeree/perscontents.html]
- 3) Hall, C. s. & amp; Linzey, G. (1991) Theories of Personality, 3rd edn.. John Wiley & Sons, Inc.U.S.A.
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- 7) Samuel W (1981): Personality McGraw Hill International Book Company.
- 8) Schultz D.P. & Schultz S.F. (2001) Theories of Personality 7 th edition Wadsworth Thomson Learning, USA.
- 9) Sri Aurobindo, The synthesis of Yoga (1970 73) Sri Aurobindo Birth Centenary Library, Sri Aurobindo Ashram Press, Pondicherry, India
- 10) Tilak B. G. (1986) Geeta Rahasysa or Karma Yoga Rahasya, B. s. Sukhtankar (Eng. Tra.) 6 the dn Geeta printers, Pune, India.

Sant Gadge Baba Amravati University, Amravati. Faculty: Interdisciplinary Two Years - Four Semester Master's Degree Programme-NEP v24 M.A. Counselling and Psychotherapy Part II

Learning outcomes descriptors for a higher education qualification at level 6.5 on the NHEQF The Master's degree (e.g. M.A., M.Com. M.Sc., etc.) is awarded to students who have demonstrated the achievement of the outcomes located at level 6.5 on the NHEQF.

Descriptors for qualifications at levels 6.5 on the NHEQF

Element of the descriptor	NHEQF level descriptors
Knowledge and	The graduates should be able to demonstrate the acquisition of:
understanding	• advanced knowledge about a specialized field of enquiry with a
_	critical understanding of the emerging developments and issues
	relating to one or more fields of learning,
	• advanced knowledge and understanding of the research principles,
	methods, and techniques applicable to the chosen field(s) of learning
	or professional practice,
	• Procedural knowledge required for performing and accomplishing
	complex and specialized and professional tasks relating to teaching,
General, technical and	and research and development. The graduates should be able to demonstrate the acquisition of:
professional skills required	 Advanced cognitive and technical skills required for performing and
to perform and accomplish	accomplishing complex tasks related to the chosen fields of learning.
tasks	 Advanced cognitive and technical skills required for evaluating
	research findings and designing and conducting relevant research that
	contributes to the generation of new knowledge.
	• Specialized cognitive and technical skills relating to a body of
	knowledge and practice to analyze and synthesize complex
	information and problems.
Application of knowledge	The graduates should be able to demonstrate the ability to:
and skills	• Apply the acquired advanced theoretical and/or technical knowledge
	about a specialized field of enquiry or professional practice and a
	range of cognitive and practical skills to identify and analyze
	problems and issues, including real-life problems, associated with the
	chosen fields of learning.
	• Apply advanced knowledge relating to research methods to carry out
	research and investigations to formulate evidence-based solutions to
	complex and unpredictable problems.
Generic learning outcomes	The graduates should be able to demonstrate the ability to:
	• listen carefully, read texts and research papers analytically and
	present complex information in a clear and concise manner to different groups/audiences,
	 communicate, in a well-structured manner, technical information and
	explanations, and the findings/results of the research studies
	undertaken in the chosen field of study,
	 Present in a concise manner view on the relevance and applications
	of the findings of recent research and evaluation studies in the context
	of emerging developments and issues.
	• Evaluate the reliability and relevance of evidence; identify logical
	flaws and holes in the arguments of others; analyze and synthesize
	data from a variety of sources; draw valid conclusions and support
	them with evidence and examples, and addressing opposing
	viewpoints.
	• meet one's own learning needs relating to the chosen fields of learning, work/vocation, and an area of professional practice,
	 Pursue self-paced and self-directed learning to upgrade knowledge
	• Pursue sen-paced and sen-directed learning to upgrade knowledge and skills, including research-related skills, required to pursue a
	higher level of education and research.
	 problematize, synthesize, and articulate issues and design research
	proposals,

	 define problems, formulate appropriate and relevant research questions, formulate hypotheses, test hypotheses using quantitative and qualitative data, establish hypotheses, make inferences based on the analysis and interpretation of data, and predict cause-and-effect relationships, develop appropriate tools for data collection for research, the ability to use appropriate statistical and other analytical tools and techniques for the analysis of data collected for research and evaluation studies, plan, execute, and report the results of an investigation, Follow basic research ethics and skills in practicing/doing ethics in the field/ in one's own research work.
	• Make judgments and take decisions regarding the adoption of approaches to solving problems, including real-life problems, based on the analysis and evaluation of information and empirical evidence collected. Make judgment across a range of functions requiring the exercise of full responsibility and accountability for personal and/or group actions to generate solutions to specific problems associated with the chosen fields/subfields of study, work, or professional practice.
Constitutional, humanistic, ethical, and moral values	The graduates should be able to demonstrate the willingness and ability to: embrace and practice constitutional, humanistic, ethical,
	and moral values in one's life,
	 adopt objective and unbiased actions in all aspects of work related to the chosen fields/subfields of study and professional practice, participate in actions to address environmental protection and sustainable development issues, support relevant ethical and moral issues by formulating and presenting coherent arguments,
	• Follow ethical principles and practices in all aspects of research and development, including inducements for enrolling participants, avoiding unethical practices such as fabrication, falsification or misrepresentation of data or committing plagiarism.
Employability and job-ready	The graduates should be able to demonstrate the acquisition of
skills, and entrepreneurship skills and capabilities/qualities and mind set	 knowledge and skill sets required for: adapting to the future of work and responding to the demands of the fast pace of technological developments and innovations that drive the shift in employers' demands for skills, particularly with respect to t h e transition towards more technology-assisted work involving the creation of new forms of work and rapidly changing work and production processes.
	• exercising full personal responsibility for the output of own work as well as for group/team outputs and for managing work that is complex and unpredictable requiring new strategic approaches.

Sant Gadge Baba Amravati University, Amravati. Faculty: Interdisciplinary Two Years - Four Semester Master's Degree Programme-NEP v24 M.A. Counselling and Psychotherapy Part II

Sr. No	Code of the Course	Code of the subject	Title of the Course/Subject	(Total Learning Hours)	Credit
1.	Discipline Specific Core I.3	CPT 301	Social Research, Statistics and Computer Application	60	4
2.	Discipline Specific Core II.3	CPT 302	Abnormal Psychology II	60	4
3.	Discipline Specific Core III.3	CPT 303	Psychotherapy II	60	4
4.	Discipline Specific Elective III	CPT 304 A OR CPT 304 B	A) Child, Adolescent and Parental Counselling OR B) Stress Management-I	60	4
5.	Discipline Specific Core I.3 Lab	CPT 305	Practical	60	2
6.	Research Proposal Phase I	CPT 306	Synopsis	90	4
5.		study, field visi	arning/ life skills, self- ts, Digital learning, valuation, Examination,	210	Included Above
		Total		Minimum 600 Learning Hours	22

Semester III

Objectives: This would enable students to have a hand on experience in:

- Presentation Skills
- Creating Performance Reports

Mark Distribution:

Pra	Practical 100 Marks			
1	Record Book	20 Marks		
2	Conduct of Experiment during Practical Exam	30 Marks		
3	Viva Vice	30 Marks		
4	Attendance	10 Marks		
5	Performance	10 Marks		
	Total 1			

Re	Research Proposal 50 Marks		
1	Presentation	20 Marks	
2	Paper Report	20 Marks	
3	Attendance	10 Marks	
	Total	50 Marks	

Sr. No.	Code of the Course	Code of the subject	Title of the Course/Subject	Total Learning Hours	Credi t
1.	Discipline Specific Core I.4	CPT 401	Family and Marital Counselling	60	4
2.	Discipline Specific Core II.4	CPT 402	Health Counselling	60	4
3.	Discipline Specific Core III.4	CPT 403	Workplace counselling	60	4
4.	Discipline Specific Elective IV	CPT 404 A OR CPT 404 B	Social Psychology OR Stress Management II	60	4
5.	Discipline Specific Core I.4 Lab	CPT 405	Practical	60	2
6.	Research Project Phase II	CPT 406	Research Project Phase II	150	6
7.	Experiential learning learning etc.	ng / life skills / self-study	y / field visits / Digital	150	Includ ed Above
		Total		Minimum 600 Learning Hours	24

M.A. Counselling and Psychotherapy Part - II

Semester IV

Objectives: Acquaint the students with –

- Research MethodologyResearch project report writing.

Scheme of Examination

• Research project any topic based on the syllabus

Mark Distribution:

Practical 50 Marks

	Total	50 Marks
3	Attendance	10Marks
2	Viva	20Marks
1	Two Case Study Report	20 Marks

Res	Research Project 100 Marks				
1	Project Report	50 Marks			
2	Open Viva	50 Marks			
	Total 100 N				

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Sant Gadge Baba Amravati University, Amravati Faculty: Interdisciplinary Two Years - Four Semester Master's Degree Programme-NEP v23

M. A. Counselling and Psychotherapy Part II

Semester III

Sr. No.	Subject	Code Of the Subject/Course	Type of Course	Title of the Course/Subject	Total Learning Hours	Credit
1	DSC-I.III	CPT 301	Th- Major	Social Research, Statistics and Computer Application	60	4

Cos:

- To knowing the students some commonly used research designs
- To acquaint the student's basic concepts in research and enable them to analyses the data of practical and project work.
- APA style of preparing research proposals and writing research reports and to develop the computational skills in Students.
- To enable them to analyses the data of practical and project work.
- To acquaint the student and to understand different statistical methods with their use and interpretation.

Unit	Content	Hours
	Fundamentals of Scientific methods & Research Scientific	
Unit I	• Social Research- definition meaning & scope.	
	• Types of Research Design –	
	Exploratory	
	Descriptive	10
	Experimental	
	Evaluation	
	Quantitative & Qualitative Methods of Research	
	Basic Concepts in Research	
Unit II	• Problem- Sources, Types	
	• Hypothesis – Sources, Types, Characteristics,	10
	• Variables- Independent & dependent variables	10
	Sampling & Methods of Data Collection	
Unit III	• Sampling- Meaning, Characteristics,	
Unit III	• Types Sources of data,	
	Difference between primary and Secondary Data	10
	• Tools of data collection-	
	Interview schedule,	
	Interview guide,	
	Case Studies	
	Questionnaire,	
	Observation	
	Schedule	

	Data Processing & Research Report Application of Computers –	
Unit IV	• Data entry,	10
	• Data Processing,	10
	• Excel use in research	
	Introduction to SPSS	
	• Research Report- Contents, Style and Types of Research	
	Report Foot notes, Reference, Bibliography, Preparation of	
	Research Abstract & Publication of Report, Ethical issues in	
	Research	
	Introduction to Statistics Definition & Meaning of statistics,	
Unit V	• Definition & Meaning of statistics,	10
	• Function of Statistics,	
	Role and Importance of Statistics in Research	
	Statistics for research, techniques & its application	
Unit VI	• Deference between Percentage and Percentile,	
	• Measures of Central Tendencies- Mean, median, Mode	10
	• Measures of dispersion – Standard deviation, Quarter	10
	deviation	
	• Inferential Statistics – T- Test, Chi- Square Test, Correlation.	

- 1) Kerlinger, F. N., & Lee, H.W. (2000). Foundations of behavioral research, 4thEdn.
- 2) Fortworth: Harcourt College Publishers.
- 3) Robinson, P.W. (1981). Fundamentals of experimental psychology. New Jersey:
- 4) Mc Burney, D. H. (2001). Research methods. London: Thomson Wadsworth.
- 5) Broota, K.D. (1989). Experimental design in behavioural research. New Delhi: Wiley
- 6) Eastern Ltd.
- Singh, A.K. (2002). Tests, measurements and research methods in behavioral sciences.
 Patna: Bharati Bhawan Publisherps.
- 8. Smith, J. A. (2007). Qualitative psychology: A practical guide to research methods. New Delhi: Sage Publications.
- Silverman, D. (2006). Interpreting qualitative data: Methods for analyzing talk, text and interaction. New Delhi: Sage Publications.
- 10) Flick, U. (2006). An introduction to qualitative research. New Delhi: Sage

M. A. Counselling and Psychotherapy (Part II)

Sr. No.	Subject	Code Of the Subject/Course	Type of Course	Title of the Course/Subject	Total Learning Hours	Credit
2	DSC- II.III	CPT 302	Th-Major	Abnormal Psychology – II	60	4

Semester: III

Cos:

- Students will differentiate between normal and abnormal psychological patterns.
- Students will identify and apply DSM and ICD classification systems in clinical settings.
- Students will diagnose and analyze various mental disorders based on clinical features.
- Students will understand and apply diverse treatment approaches for mental disorders.
- Students will examine legal, ethical, and contemporary issues in Indian mental health.
- Students will explore and apply culturally relevant strategies for mental health prevention and promotion.

Unit	Content	Hours
	Personality and developmental disorders:	
Unit I	Personality disorders: Types	10
	Developmental disorders:	10
	Mental retardation,	
	learning disorders,	
	ADD and ADHD	
	Psychosis, psychoneurosis, psychosomatic schizophrenia	
Unit II	spectrum disorders:- Clinical description, symptoms ,subtypes	10
	and causes treatment	
	Mood disorders:	
Unit III	Clinical description, subtypes, causes and treatment, suicide	10
	Eating & sexual dysfunctions:	
Unit IV	• Eating disorders: Bulimia nervosa, anorexia nervosa,	10
	binge eating disorder and obesity.	10
	Sexual dysfunctions	
	Sleep disorders:	
Unit V	Primary insomnia, primary hypersomnia, narcolepsy, breathing	10
	related sleep disorders, circadian	10
	rhythm sleep disorder.	
Unit VI	Contemporary issues related to psychopathology:	10
	Mental health services:	
	• Legal and ethical issues,	
	• Status of mental health in India,	
	• Perspectives on prevention,	
	Indian perspective to mental health	

- 1) Alloy, L. B.; Riskind, J. H. and Manos, M. J. (2006). Abnormal Psychology: Current Perspectives, 9th ed. Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- 2) Barlow, D. H. and Durand, V. M. (2007). Abnormal Psychology: An Integrative Approach, 4th ed. Thompson (India Edition).
- 3) Carson, C. C. ; Butcher, J. N. and Mineka, S. (2004). Abnormal Psychology and Modern Life, 11th ed. Pearson, New Delhi.
- Carson, C. C.; Butcher, J. N.; Mineka, S. and Hooley, J. M. (2011). Abnormal Psychology, 13th ed. Pearson, New Delhi.
- 5) Sarason, I. G. and Sarason B. R. (2002). Abnormal Psychology, 10th ed. Prentice Hall, New Delhi.
- 6) Sarason, I. G. and Sarason B. R. (2006). Abnormal Psychology: The Problem of Maladaptive Behavior, 11th ed. Prentice Hall, New Delhi.
- 7) Susan Nulen-Hoeksema (2005). Abnormal Psychology, 3rd ed. Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- 8) 8.Rajhansa, Manasi; Patil, Anagha and Surve, Sushil (2004). Apsamanayche Manasshastra, Unmesh Prakashan, Pune.
- 9) Akolkar, V. V. (1995). Manovikruti Vidnyan, Nirali Prakashan.
- 10) Gadgil, Kalyani (2008). Schizophrenia: EkNavi Janiv, 2nd ed. Continental prakashan, Pune.

M. A. Counselling and Psychotherapy (Part II)

Sr. No.	Subject	Code of the Subject/Course	Type of Course	Title of the Course/Subject	Total Learning Hours	Credit
3	DSC-III.III	CPT 303	Th-Major	Psychotherapy II	60	4

Semester: III

Cos:

- Students will be able to learn about different biological approaches to treat mental disorder.
- Student's will be able to learn directive and non-directive approaches to psychotherapy
- Effectiveness of specific psychotherapy in solution of particular problem
- To acquaint students with various approaches and therapies of psychotherapy
- Students will be learn about family therapy group therapy various supportive therapies
- Students will be able to learn different psychotherapies, Students will be able to learn special areas of therapies.

Unit	Content	Hours
	Hospitalization	
Unit I	Biological therapy:	
	• E.C.T. Brain Wave Therapy	10
	• Biofeedback,	
	Psycho pharmacotherapy	
	Milieu therapy	
Unit II	Progressive relaxation,	
	• Flooding,	10
	Hypnosis Therapy	
	Crisis intervention	
Unit III	Solution Focused Behaviour therapy	10
	• Integrative and multimodal therapies.	
	Psychoanalytic therapy:	
Unit IV	• Freudian & Neo-Freudian,	10
	• Insight Psychotherapy,	
	• Interpersonal Psychotherapy,	
	Brief Psychotherapies	
	Other Therapies for Psychological Interventions.	
Unit V	Family and Group Psychotherapy	10
	Psychodynamic Couple therapy	
	Psychodrama therapy	
	Psychotherapy integration	
	Psychotherapy across life cycle	
Unit VI	• Psychotherapy with children and adolescents	
	• Psychotherapy with adults and middle-aged persons	10
	• Psychotherapy with older adults Psychotherapy in terminal	
	illness (AIDS, Cancer)	

- Agars, W.S., Kazadin, A.E., Wilson, G.T. (1979). Behavior Therapy. San Fransisco: Freeman & Co.
- Lanyon, R.I., Layon, B.P. (1978) BehaviorTherapy : A Clinical Introduction . Philippines:
- Wesley Korchin, S.J. (1976) Modern Clinical Psychology. Principles of Intervention in the Clinic and Community. New York: Basic Books
- 4) Plante, T.G. (2005). Contemporary Clinical Psychology (2nd Ed.) New Jersey: John Wiley & Sons Bellack, A.S., Hersen, M., Johnston, D.W., & Johnston, M (Eds.) (1998). Comprehensive
- 5) Clinical Psychology (Vol.8) New York: Pergamon
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- Mumbai :Jaico Publishing House 8. Pandit, M.P. (1990)Dhyana. Pondicherry: Dipti Publication
- Corey, G. (1991) : Theory and Practice of Counseling and Psychotherapy, 4th Ed. California: Brooks
- 9) Feltham C, Horton I (Ed),(2006) The Sage Handbook of Counseling and Psychotherapy, 2nd Ed Sage Publication ; New Delhi.
- 10) RECOURSE PERSONS AND MEDIA (eBooks, printed materials)

M.A. Counselling and Psychotherapy (Part II)

Sr. No.	Subject	Code Of the Subject/Course	Type of Course	Title of the Course/Subject	Total Learning Hours	Credit
4	DSE- IV.III	CPT 304 A	Th-Major Elective	Child, Adolescent and Parental Counselling	60	4

Semester: III

Cos:

- Introducing Students to Parental Counselling
- Introducing Students to Adolescent Counselling and Teaching Learning Process
- Students will understand the process of Educational Counselling
- To impart knowledge regarding child's mental state
- To make students able to design and implement modules in Counselling
- To impart the required Counselling techniques to guide parents

Unit	Content	Hours
	Parental Counselling:	
Unit I	 Nature and Definition of Parental Counselling Characteristics of Good Parenting Challenges of Parenting Types of Parenting. Influence and Limitations of Parents. 	10
	Co Parenting Counselling Introduction to Child and Adolescent Counselling:	
Unit II	 Counselling Needs of Children, Needs of Adolescent. Location of Needs: Family, School, Residential Care. Nature of Issues: Emotional 	10
	Process and Techniques of child and Adolescent Counselling:	
Unit III	 Characteristics of Child and Adolescent Counsellors. Therapeutic Relation in Child and Adolescent Counselling. Child Counselling Skills. 	10
	Counselling in Educational Concept:	
Unit IV	 Specific Issues in Educational Setting. Children with Learning Disabilities. Children With behavioural Problems. Learning and Teaching Gardner's Multiple Intelligence 	10
	Teaching and Learning process:	
Unit V	 Model Study Skills: Note Making Skills Time Management Class Problems. Peer pressure Family pressure 	10
	Child Abuse: Types of Child Abuse.	
Unit VI	 Orphan and Street Children: Psychosocial Problems and intervention. Addiction: Alcohol and Drug Addiction, Control Over Use of Substance. 	10

- 1) Guide to child care- Dr. R.K. Anand
- 2) Positive Parenting-Rebecca Eanes
- 3) Counseling Children, Adolescents and Families-J. Sherry, Sage Publications, New Delhi
- 4) Counseling Children with Psychological Problems Pearson
- 5) Enhancing the quality of life of the people with intellectual Disabilities, Theory and Practice, New york- Springer
- Handbook of Emotional and Behavioral Difficulties- Clough, Pradeck, Yuen New Delhi Sage Publication.

M.A. Counselling and Psychotherapy (Part II)

Sr. No.	Subject	Code Of the Subject/Course	Type of Course	Title of the Course/Subject	Total Learning Hours	Credit
5	DSE-V.III	CPT 304 B	Th-Major Elective	Stress Management I	60	4

Semester: III

Cos

- students will acquaint with Stress concept, theories and coping skill
- discuss in brief the nature consequence and management of emotional vital science of health and well being
- students learn how to analyse Stress triggers and to manage them
- Students develop personal strength for preventing stress.
- students will acquaint with Stress Management skill
- students will apply learning principles in day to day life.

Unit	Content	Hours
	What Is Stress?	
Unit I	Definition of Stress-Its Nature and Meaning	
	Common Sense Understanding of Stress	
	Understanding Stress	
	• Stressors	
	• Stress and Illness	10
	Regulation of Stress The Dependence of Henry integer	10
	The Pursuit of Happiness	
	Early Research in Stress	
Unit II	Theories of Stress	
	Fight or Flight Response	
	General Adaptation Syndrome	
	Cognitive Appraisal Theory	
	Person-Environment Fit Theory	
	 Psychodynamic Theory 	10
	Genetic Constitutional Theory	
	Holistic Health Theory	
Unit III	Role of Physiology in Stress	
	Nervous System	
	• The Brain: Its Role in Stress	10
	The Autonomic Nervous System	
	Endocrine System and Its Role in Stress	
	The Cardiovascular System	
Unit IV	Sources of Stress	
	Daily Hassle	
	Stressful Life Events	
	Academic Stress	
	Family and Relationship	
	Occupational Stress	
	Social Stressors	10
	After-effects of Stress	
	Effects of Early Stressful Life Experiences	

Unit V	 Personality and Stress Type A Behavior Pattern and Health Type A Behavior Pattern and Stress Health and Type A Behavior Type C Personality and Stress Locus of Control Hypersensitivity Personality Cancer-Prone Personality Depression-Prone Personality Attribute Style 	10
Unit VI	 Tress management techniques Relaxation techniques deep breathing progressive muscle relaxation etc. Mindfulness and meditation Physical activity and exercise Creating a personal trace management plan. 	10

References:

- Manika Gosh (2015). Health Psychology-concepts in Health and Well-Being. Pearson Publication Delhi.
- Madhukar K. Tajne (2017). Health Psychology-Basic Issues and Process. Ishika Publication House, Delhi, Jaipur.
- Aboud, F.E. (1998). Health Psychology in Global Perspectives. Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage.

M.A. Counselling and Psychotherapy (Part II)
Semester: IV [Level 6.5]

Sr. No.	Subject	Code Of the Subject/Course	Type of Course	Title of the Course/Subject	Total Learning Hours	Credit
1	DSC-I.IV	CPT 401	Th- Major	Family and Marital Counselling	60	4

Cos:

- Students will be able to understand key concepts concerning marriage and families and analyse the research of the changes in socio-cultural milieu and its impact on the family and marital system.
- Students will be able to discuss the theoretical perspectives on families.
- Students will be able to decipher the nature and dynamics of intimate relationships.
- Students will be able to examine the challenges of intimate relationships.
- Students will be able to gain awareness about the key movements and influences of Family therapy.
- Students will be able to evaluate the process of assessment in family therapy

Unit	Content	Hours
Unit I	Introduction to Family Counselling	
	• The family in a postmodern world	
	Significant changes in society	10
	Exploring family values	
	• The five love languages	
	Understanding family rules	
Unit II	Marriage	
	Marriage and Family	
	Marriage: oneness and inseparability	10
	• Marriage: friendship and procreation of children	
	Marriage: self-surrender and mutual	
	understanding	
	Marriage promises	
	• Ability of both men and women to analyze and	
	Take decisions, Swiftness in expressing	
	emotions.	
Unit III	Marriage and related issues:	
	Valid and Invalid marriage	
	AIDS awareness	10
	• Psychology of men and women in different ages	
	• during marriage, when becomes a parent,	
	• significance of mid- age and the psychology of	
	the aged	
Unit IV	Areas of conflict:	
	Marital divorce	10
	Separation of spouses dismissal of marriage	
	• Affairs :	
	Premarital affairs	
	Extra marital affairs	
	Areas of conflict in relationships	
	Separation and divorce	
	An emotional response to separation and	
	divorce	

Unit V	 Single Parent and Blended Families Single parent families Children in single parent families Blended families Children in blended families The successful step parents Co parenting 	10
Unit VI	 Qualities to acquire Caring for the others respect for others Effective listening skills Effective Communication skills Ability to forgive and forget 	10

- Brock, G.W., & Barnard, C.P. (1999). Procedures in marriage and family therapy. (3rd edition). Boston: Allyn& Bacon.
- Freedman, J. & Combs, G. (1996). Narrative therapy: The social construction of preferred realities. NY: Norton. Madsen, B. (2007).
- Collaborative therapy with multistressed families, 2nd ed. NY: Guilford. ISBN 9781593854348
- 4) Nichols, M.P., & Schwartz, R.C. (2006). Family therapy: Concepts and method. Boston: Allyn& Bacon
- 5) Odell, M., & Campbell, C. (1998). The practical practice of marriage and family therapy: Things my training supervisor never told me. New York: Haworth Press.
- 6) Patterson, J., Williams, L., Edwards, T.M., Chamow, L., &GraufGrounds, C. (2009). Essential skills in family therapy: From the first interview to termination. 2nd. Ed. New York: Guilford.

M. A. Counselling and Psychotherapy (Part II)

Sr. No.	Subject	Code Of the Subject/Course	Type of Course	Title of the Course/Subje ct	Total Learning Hours	Credit
2	DSC- II.IV	CPT 402	Th-Major	Health Counselling	60	4

Semester: IV

Cos:

- Unit I: Understand Medical Treatment for Medical disorder.
- Unit II: Understand nature and meaning of health counselling
- Unit III: Understanding assessment process of Health Counselling.
- Unit IV: Student will learn assessment of cancer patient
- Unit V: Student will understand various problems of geriatric patient
- Unit VI: Focus on the behavioural factors in the fields of health counselling

Unit	Content	Hours
Unit I	An Introduction to Health Psychology	
	• Heath psychology-Definitions, Nature, Aims.	
	Biopsychosocial Model of Health.	10
	• Psychology's Role in Health.	10
	• How the role of Psychology Emerged.	
Unit II	Chronic Health Problems and Its Management.	
	• Personal Matters related to chronic health conditions.	
	• Emotional reactions to chronic health disorders.	10
	• Major chronic health problem.	_ •
Unit III	Assessment of Hypertension :	
	• Assessing the hypertensive Reactions to Stressful	
	Stimuli	10
	 psychosocial assessment of hypertensive 	10
	• Therapeutic options in the management of obesity	
	:Risk factors for obesity	
	Cancer Patient	
	• Issues & approaches to the psychosocial assessment	
	of the cancer patient.	
Unit IV	The psychosocial assessment of the chronically ill geriatric	
	patient	10
	• The geriatric patient	10
	 assessment of the geriatric patient from an organismic 	
	• assessment of the genatic patient from an organismic perspective	
	 analysis of the geriatric patient from an ecological 	
	perspective	
	• the function of the psychologist in the geriatric health	
	care delivery system	

Unit V	Primary Prevention and Health Promotion.	
	• Quality of Life and Health Behaviour	
	• Developmental Gender and Socio-Cultural Factors in Health	10
	• Health promoting Behaviours-Diet, Exercise, Sleep,	
	Rest.	
Unit VI	Health Care System: Indian Scenario	10
	•Attitude of Health Professionals	
	•Burnout in health professionals	
	•Designing health care work environment	
	•Future challenges for health care.	

- Asken, M, and Medical Psychology: Toward definition Classification and Organization, Professional Psychology (1979)
- 2) Millar, N, F, Introduction: Current issues and key Problem, Chicago (1973)
- 3) Alexander, f, Emotional factors in essential hypertension psymatric medicine (1989)
- Medical Psychology "Contributions to Behavioural Medicine" Edited Proklop & Bradley.

M.A. Counselling and Psychotherapy (Part II)

Sr. No.	Subject	Code Of the Subject/Course	Type of Course	Title of the Course/Subject	Total Learning Hours	Credit
3	DSC- III.IV	CPT 403	Th-Major Elective	Workplace Counselling	60	4

Semester: IV

Cos;

Students will acquaint with

- Students will learn about the concept, history, importance, various approaches, and criticisms of workplace counselling, as well as its role and evolution in the modern workplace.
- Students will learn about the different models of workplace counselling, including various approaches and orientations, and how they are applied within organizational settings to address employee well-being and organizational change.
- Students will learn about the current trends, roles, ethical considerations, and challenges in workplace counselling, including its impact on organizational dynamics and its potential as a tool for organizational change.
- Students will learn about the integrative process of individual employee counselling, from initial preparation and assessment to engaging in the counselling sessions and effectively terminating the counselling relationship.
- Students will learn about the importance and methods of evaluating workplace counselling, including record-keeping practices and the application of both formative and summative evaluation techniques.
- Students will learn about the ethical considerations and responsibilities in workplace counselling, including decision-making, obligations to clients and organizations, and the ethical duties of both counsellors and organizations.

Unit	Content	Hours			
	Understanding Workplace Counselling				
Unit I	• The workplace today				
	• Why workplace counselling?	10			
	• The history of workplace counselling	10			
	• The many faces of workplace counselling				
	• What is workplace counselling?				
	Workplace Counselling Today: Trends and Debates				
	• The multiple roles of workplace counsellors				
Unit II	• The values of counselling versus those of business				
	Training for workplace counsellors				
	• Ethical issues in workplace counselling	10			
	• Stress and workplace counselling				
	Workplace counselling				
	• The impact of the organization on workplace counselling				
	• Counselling as a means of organizational change				
	Ethical Issues in Workplace Counselling				
	• Training in ethical decision-making	10			
Unit III	• Ethical issues	_			
	• Making ethical decisions in the workplace				
	• Ethical responsibilities for and to clients				
	• Ethical responsibilities for and to the organization				
	 Employee counsellors' ethical responsibilities for and to 				
	themselves				
	• The organization's ethical responsibilities for counselling				
	provision				

	Models of Workplace Counselling	
Unit IV	 Counselling-orientation models Brief-therapy models Problem-focused models Work-orientated models Manager-based models Externally based models Internally based models Welfare-based models Organizational-change models 	10
Unit V	 An Integrative Model of Individual Employee Counselling Preparation for workplace counselling 	
	• Assessment	
	Contracting/referring	
	Engaging in workplace counsellingTerminating workplace counselling	
	 Ethical Responsibility of the Employee Counsellor 	
		10
	Evaluating Workplace Counselling	10
Unit VI	• The usefulness of evaluation	
	Record keeping	
	• Evaluation	
	Formative and summative evaluation	
	Methods of evaluation	

- 1) Workplace Counselling: A Systematic Approach to Employee Care by Michael Care.
- 2) Career Works and Mental Health By Vernor Zunfer
- Career Counselling: Applying the Systems Theory frameworks of Career Development by McMahan Mary 2005
- 4) Hand Book of Vocational Psychology Theory, Research and Practice.

M.A. Counselling and Psychotherapy (Part II)

Sr. No.	Subject	Code Of the Subject/Course	Type of Course	Title of the Course/Subject	Total Learning Hours	Credit
4	DSE- IV.IV	CPT 404 A	Th-Major Elective	Advanced Social Psychology	60	4

Semester: IV

Cos:

- The students will be able to understand concepts of social psychology
- The students will be able to understand the various factors of interpersonal attraction.
- The students will be able to understand what prosaically behaviour is.
- The students will be able to understand how the group behaves.
- The students will be able to understand how our behaviour changes by social influence.
- The students will be able to understand the meaning, causes and sources of aggression.

Unit	Content	Hours
Unit I	Introduction to Social Psychology	
	Definition and Nature of Social Psychology	
	Scope and Goals of Social Psychology	
	• Social Psychology in the new Millennium:	
	Cognitive perspective	
	Multicultural perspective	10
	Biological perspective	
	Evolutionary perspectives.	
Unit II	The Self	
	Self-presentation	
	• Self-knowledge	10
	• Personal identity V/s Social identity	
	Social comparison	
	• The self as a target of prejudice	
Unit III	Attitude and Behaviour	
	• Attitude and Behavior:	10
	Formation of attitudes	
	How attitude influences behavior	
	Attitude change	
	• Persuasion :	
	Path and elements of persuasion	
	Resistance to persuasion	
	Cognitive Dissonance.	
Unit IV	Group Behaviour	
	Groups Definition and key components	
	• Social facilitation and social loafing.	
	Group Interactions Determinations of competition Vs. Co	
	operation	10
	Culture and competition	-
	Social dilemmas	
	Group decision making	

Unit V	Social Influence	
	• Conformity: Ash's research, on conformity, Asherifs research on the autogenetic phenomenon.	
	• Factors affective, social foundations and the downside of conformity.	10
	• Compliance: Basses of social power, mood and compliance, specific compliance technique.	
	• Obedience to authority destructive obedience, the Milgram experiments.	
Unit VI	Aggression	10
	• Origin and definition of aggression.	
	Causes of human aggression.	
	• Sources of anger.	
	Reduction of aggressive behaviour.	

References:

- Baron, R. A., &Branscombe, N.R., (2012) Social Psychology (13th Ed). New Delhi: Pearson.
- Baumeister, R. F., & Bushman, B. J., (2011). Social Psychology and Human Nature (2nd Ed). USA: Cengage Learning.
- Taylor, S. E., Peplau, L. A., & Sears, D. O., (2006). Social Psychology (11th ed). New Delhi: Pearson.

M. A. Counselling and Psychotherapy (Part II)

Sr. No.	Subject	Code Of the Subject/Course	Type of Course	Title of the Course/Subject	Total Learning Hours	Credit
5	DSE- IV.IV	CPT 404 B	Th-Major Elective	Stress Management II	60	4

Semester: IV

Cos:

Students will be able to

- Students will acquaint with trace management skills
- Students no how to cope with Stress
- Student should be able to do research in Stress related subjects.
- Students will develop the skill of dealing with Stress events.Students apply learning principles in day To day life.
- Students learn how to identify Stress and its Symptoms and triggers.

Unit	Content	Hours
Unit I	Psycho-Physiological Consequences of Stress • The Cardiovascular Disorders • Allergies • The Digestive System Disorders • Stress and Ageing • Stress and Cancer • Stress and Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS)	100113
Unit II	Meaning and Definition of Coping Styles of Coping Goals of Coping Measurement of Stress Measurement in Laboratory 	10
	 Physiological Measure Major Life Events Daily Hassles Perceived Stress 	
Unit III	Individual Differences in Coping with Stress • Personality • Psychological Hardiness • Tolerance for Stimulation • Attritional Style • Learned Helplessness	10

Unit IV	 Health Promotion Methods Used in Health Promotion Dissemination of Information Behavior Change Methods Incentives Social Engineering Levels of Preventive Health Behavior Primary Prevention Secondary Prevention Tertiary Prevention 	10
	Health Enhancement Thorough Primary Prevention Immunization	
Unit V	 Immunization Safety Measures Diet and Nutrition 	10
Unit VI	 Tress management techniques Relaxation techniques deep breathing progressive muscle relaxation etc Mindfulness and meditation Physical activity and exercise Creating a personal trace management plan. 	10

References:

- Manika Gosh (2015). Health Psychology-concepts in Health and Well-Being. Pearson Publication Delhi.
- Madhukar K. Tajne (2017). Health Psychology-Basic Issues and Process. Ishika Publication House, Delhi, Jaipur.
- Aboud, F.E. (1998). Health Psychology in Global Perspectives. Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage.

Semester-IV

Research Project Phase-II

Minor Research project and Oral Examination - Total Marks: 100

Minor Research project (Writing work) - 50 marks

- Minor Research project should be based on the research plan presented in session
- While submitting the Minor Research project it should be as follows.
- M. S. word 10 should be used.
- Times New Roman, Font size 12, spacing should be 1.5 for English language.
- Unicode, Font size 14, spacing 1.5 for Marathi/Hindi language.
- Minor Research project should be of 75-100 pages.
- Pages should be printed on both sides.
- Minor Research project should be bound on both sides
- Reference bibliography should be given at the end of thesis.
- Prevailing scientific research method should be used for research.

1. Oral exam - 50 marks

Oral examination will be conducted on the submitted Minor Research project.

Table: Comprehensive Credits distribution amongst the type of Courses over

Two Years (Four Semesters)

PG Programme and Minimum Credits to be earned for PG

Degree [Master in Faculty------ Major]

Sr. No	Type of Course	Total Credits Offered	Minimum Credits Required	
1.	MAJOR			
	i. DSC	56		56
	ii. DSE	16		16
	TC	DTAL	72	72
2.	Research Methodology and IPR (FSC/DSC : Major)	04	04	04
	On Job training, Internship / Apprenticeship., Field Projects Related To Major	04	04 for 120 Hours OJT/FPcum	02 (Minimum60 Hours OJT/FPis mandatory)
3.	Research Project	10	10	10
	OPTIONAL			
4.	Co-Curricular Courses (offline and/or online as applicable): Co-curricular Courses: Health and wellness, Yoga Education, Sports and Fitness, Cultural Activities, NSS/NCC, Fine/Applied/Visual/Performing Arts, CC also include but not limited to Academic activities like paper presentations in conferences, Aavishkar, start- ups, Hackathon, Quiz competitions, Article published, Participation in Summer school/Winter School/ Short-term course, Scientific Surveys, Societal Surveys, Field Visits, Study tours, Industrial Visits, online/offline Courses on Yoga(Yoga for IQ development, Yoga for Egodevelopment, Yoga for Anger Management, Yoga for Eyesight Improvement, Yoga for Physical Stamina, Yoga for Stress Management, etc.).		Limited to Maximum 03 only (For 90 Hours of CC cumulatively)	00
	TOTAL		93	88

S.	Activities(offline/online as applicable)	Credits a	t Levels					Letter
N.								Grade
		College	University	State	Zone	National	Intern	
					If		ational	
					exist		if	
							exist	
1	Health and wellness, Yoga*Competitions *If	1	2	3	4	5	6	P (Pass)
	a Course(online/offline) on Yoga is							
	completed for							
	60Hours,2creditswillbeawardedtothestudent							
	(1Credit=30Hours)							
2.	Unnat Bharat Abhiyan [UBA]	1	2	3	4	5	6	P (Pass)
3.	Sports and fitness activities(see separate	1	1/2	2/3	3/4	4/5	5/6	P (Pass)
	Table B)							
4.	Cultural activities, Fine /	1	2	3	4	5	6	P (Pass)
	Applied/Visual/Performing Arts							
5.	N.S.S. activities Camps	1	2	3	4	5	6	P (Pass)
6.	Academic activities like Research Paper /	1	2	3	4	5	6	P (Pass)
	Article / Poster presentations, Aavishkar,							
	start-up, Hackathon, Quiz competitions,							
	other curricular, co-curricular activities,							
	students exchange programme							
	Research Paper/Article published							
		_	1	2	-	4	6	
7.	Participation in Summer school/Winter	2Credits						Р
	School/Short-term course							
								P (Pass)
	(not less than 30 hours1 or 2 weeks	4Credits						~ /
	duration)(notlessthan60hours2or3 weeks							
	duration)							
								P (Pass)
	Scientific Surveys, Societal Surveys	2 Credits	5					- (- 455)
	Field Visits, Study tours, Industrial Visits,	1Credit						P (Pass)
	, , ,,							×,
8.	NCC Activities	As given	in Table C					
- 1		6- 54						

Table A : Comprehensive Credit Distribution for C C

Table B : Credit Distribution for Sports and Fitness

Sr. No.	Particulars of Sports Status (Individual/Team)	Credits	Letter Grade
1.	College Level Participation	1	P (Pass)
2.	University Level Participation	1	P (Pass)
3.	University Level Rank 1,2,3	2	P (Pass)
4	State Level Participation	2	P (Pass)
5.	State Level Rank 1,2,3	3	P (Pass)
6.	Zonal Level Participation	3	P (Pass)
7	Zonal Level Rank 1,2,3	4	P (Pass)
8.	National Level Participation	4	P (Pass)
9.	National Level Rank 1,2,3	5	P (Pass)
10	International Level Participation	5	P (Pass)
11	InternationalLevel1,2,3	6	P (Pass)

Particulars of NCC Activities	Credits	Letter Grade
Participation in NCC activities	1	P(Pass)
B' Certificate obtained	2	P(Pass)
C' Certificate obtained	3	P(Pass)
State Level Participation	4	P(Pass)
National Level Participation	5	P(Pass)
International Level Participation	6	P(Pass)
	Participation in NCC activities B' Certificate obtained C' Certificate obtained State Level Participation National Level Participation	Participation in NCC activities1B' Certificate obtained2C' Certificate obtained3State Level Participation4National Level Participation5

Table C: Credit Distribution for NCC activities
